

Nothern Province Education Department Model Paper



General Certificate of Education (Adv.level) Examination 2019

Accounting I	33	E	I		Two Ho	urs
Instroductions :-					Index :	•••••
> Select the correct answer	er for questio	n No. 1 -	30 and wr	ite its	Only fpr use	of examiner
number in the dotted li	_				Question	
> Write short answers for	or the questi	ons No.	31 - 50 o	n the	Question No.	Marks
dotted line.					01 - 30	
> Each question carries 2	Marks.				01 - 30	
					31 - 50	
					Total	
1) Which of the following is 1) Historical information 3) Transactions and even 5) Marginal cost informa 1) Which of the following is 1) Is there posible to ince 2) Is there better position 3) Is there adequate return 4) What are the decision 5) Are the financial state 1) Sumati business sold good of items were returned by 1) equity and asset will in 2) equity and asset will in	ats ation considered a rease employ n to perform a rns for the in s and plannin ments given ds costings R customers. T ncrease by R	as a mana rees salar guarantee vestment ags for th to neede as 80, 000 The impa	2) Fore 4) Fina agement ac y? ed liability ? e future de d organiza 0 for a cre ct of these	counting? evelopmetions?	g information? ents? s 100 000. Of these I	() (s. 16, 000 cost
3) equity to be reduced Rs 100, 000.4) Asset and liability red	by Rs. 20, 0	00, The		ese by R	s 8000, The Liabilit	
5) The equity and Asset	are increased	by Rs 1	16,000.			()
O4) In the financial position s and office equipment as n	on – current	asset. Re	lated Basic	c concep	ot of,	e current assets
 Accured concept. Prudence concept 		•	entity conc	•	3) Cost concept	()
05) Difference between the fir	nancial vear i	ncome ai	nd expense	es indica	tes.	
1) financial Position			Position Cl		3) changes in cash	
4) financial performance	5) e	quity cha	inges	-	-	()

• Answer the quest	ions no. 6 and 7	7 using follow	ings infor	mations.					
All cash receives The bank statement only unrealized ch The following info	nt shows credit eque Rs. 18000.	balance of Rs.	32 000. 1	t is deviat	ted with c	ash co			
Cash reveives jour Cash payment jour Realized cheque ir Omitted items in c Direct deposit. Bank charges	rnal total for the n March.	month of Mar	ch.	1 0	Rs 130, 000 115, 000 12 102, 000	28, 000	0		
06) Unpresented cheque 1) Rs. 13000 Rs. 4) Rs. 16000 Rs.	2000	d cheque for the 2) Rs.13000 F 5) Rs. 13000 h	Rs. 20000		re, respce) Rs. 2200	•		()
07) Cash control accord 1) Rs 71000		is shown in fir 3) Rs 27000	ancial pos 4) Rs 2		ement as at		3.2019.	()
08) The March 2019 follows. Sales value include Purchases Rs 90, 0 Purchase return in Paid VAT Calculate the VAT 1) Liability Rs. 7 4) Assets Rs. 565	ing VAT 10% 000 (VAT 10% ecluding VAT 10 Caccount balance	excluded) 9%	Rs. 176 Rs. 550 Rs. 350 vn in finar 4000	000 0 0 acial positi	·	ents.		AT an	
3) The total of sa4) The individual	be a credit balance recorded in the les journal will be control account ons, the debtors	nce of debtors ne sales joiunal be recorded in t will be maint	control acs. the debtorained in re	count. rs control a	account. every debt	ors.	·	nce of	
10) The following info	ormation belong			company.					
A compad Floatric	site.	2018.0	8.31		201	17.08.3	1		
Accrued Electric Pre paid rent	nty	50000 12000			81	- 0000			
The electricity same time, the n	•	by cheque	at Rs	180000	during		year.	At	the
How much is the	-		ne value s	how in the	e profit or	loss	stateme	ent foi	r the
year ended 31.08.2	2018.	_							
Elecrici	•	Rent	(Rs)						

	Elecricity (Rs)	Rent (Rs)	
1)	180, 000	480, 000	
2)	180, 000	520, 000	
3)	230, 000	412, 000	
4)	230, 000	520, 000	
5)	230, 000	440, 000	()

11) Sulaman's business is not maintaining a complete accounting system. The information taken for the year ended 31.03.2019 are as follows.

Rs
Stocks as at 01.04.2018
38000
Total of purchase journal
122000
Total of purchase column in cash payment journal
144000
Total of sales column in cash receives journal.
320000

Note:- The sales includes a 25% profit on cost. What is the value of closing stocks as at end of the year 31.03.2019?

1) Rs 68 000

2) Rs 38 000

3) Rs 58 000

4) Rs 48 000

5) Rs 56 000

(.....)

- 12) It is an opportunity to stay away from the hostorical concept when reporting transactions and events?
 - 1) Purchasing goods with resale Pursose.
 - 2) When the enployee's salary is reported.
 - 3) When evaluation gthe value of stocks at the end of year based on LKAS -02.
 - 4) When the stocks are evaluated based on FIFO.
 - 5) When measuring the value of mechine according to the LKAS -16.

(.....)

13) The information of three commodity items as at 31.03.2019 are as follows.

Items	Cost (Rs)	Expected sals	Expected sales expenses (Rs)
		value (Rs)	
X	10000	12000	1000
Y	20000	18000	-
Z	5000	6000	1000

What is the value of stock listed in financial position statement based on LKAS: 2?

1) Rs 35 000

2) Rs 36 000

3) Rs 37 000

4) Rs 33 000

5) Rs 32 000

(.....

14) Kamal is conducting a separate manufacturing factory and sales out lets, The existence of goods was distroyed due to fire in the trade in 2019.03.31.

	Raw materials	Finished goods.
Stocks as at 01.04.2018	100 000	200 000
Purchase of raw materials	420 000	
Stocks as at 31.03.2019	50 000	

★ Production cost except direct material cost in the financial year.
Rs. 180000

★ Total sales income in the financial year.

Rs. 900000

★ The business sells goods with 20% of the profit on the production cost.

The total production cost and the value of distructive products respectively are,

1) Rs 650 000 Rs 50 000

2) Rs 650 000 Rs 100 000

3) Rs 650 000 Rs 150 000

4) Rs 700 000 Rs 130 000

5) Rs700 000 Rs 100 000

(.....)

- 15) In order to present such information to reveal the reliability of the information presented through financial statement.
 - 1) It should be perfect, neutrality and accuratly.
 - 2) Be sure to be valid and timely.
 - 3) It should be appropriate, timely and Appropriateness with timly.
 - 4) Be sure to be valid timely and accuratly.
 - 5) Being comparable and conforming.

(.....)

16) The informations taken in a non profit organization are as follow.

The number of members on the 31.03.2018 is 150. Of these, 50 are the life members. The annual membership fee of one of the remaning members is Rs 1000. 12 members did not pay membership fee for 2017 / 201/8. 8 members is paid membership fee for 2018 / 2019. Life time membership fees the remaining balance is Rs 200 000 in 2017.04.01. Inwhich, 10% of the total amount will be transferred to the Income and expenses account account as membership fee in the year 2017 / 2018. At the begining of the year there is no arrears or advance membership fees received within the year? What is the membership fees income of 2017 / 2018 and membership fees received within the year?

	Value to be seen as	Membership fee receive
	income (Rs)	within the year (Rs)
1)	96 000	120 000
2)	120 000	100 000
3)	120 000	96 000
4)	120 000	120 000
<i>5</i>)	150 000	96 000 ()

- 17) What are the correct statements in the following statement regarding to the partnership?
 - A Total ownership increases when adjusting the goodwill of the patnership business through capital account.
 - B Total ownership will be reduced when transfering retirement partner's equity to loan account.
 - C When paying part of the business expenditure by partner. It does not affect the entire ownership of business.
 - 1) B only

2) A, B only

3) A, C only

4) B, C only

5) A, B and C

- (.....)
- 18) Credit balance of current account of Aruna and Karuna partnership business as at 31.03.2019 are given below.

Aruna 140 000 Karuna 120 000

It was later discovered that no adjustment was carried out when preparing currect account in the year end 2019.03.31. But profit or loss statement coorectly prepared.

- **★** Karuna had paid Rs 25000 as rent for business in his own money.
- **★** Aruna's own income tax was paid Rs. 12000.
- ★ The salary of Aruna and Karuna has not been recorded in current account Rs. 40 000 per partner.

What is the answer to the correct current account balance of Aruna and Karuna for the year ended in 2019.03.31 after the adjustments were made?

	Aruna (Rs)	Karuna (Rs)
1)	148 000	205 000
2)	168 000	185 000
3)	205 000	123 000
4)	205 000	148 000
5)	205 000	275 000 ()

,	A - CapitaliaB - Right issC - TransffeD - The equ	zation of reserves. sues to all share holering to general rese ipment is revalued	vents took place in a limiteders. erves from retained profit for the fist time with sures and events will resure. 2) B and D	it. rplus.	the own	
	4) A, B and I)	5) A, B, C and D			()
	the LKAS – 0 A - Use fu B - Net va	8 ? Il life time. Il life tocks.	property plant and equition (2) A and B 5) A, B and C			()
	Ordinery sha Revaluation General rese Cash At the beginin	are capital (each Rs reserve erve g of 2018.04.20, al	l share holders are prov	900 000 200 000 200 000 100 000 ided right issues acco		the 3 : 1 ratio,
(~	are accepted by the share		~ .	
		of shares		Stated ordinery	Cash a	account (Rs)
		t 31.03.2019		share capital (Rs)		
	,	000		1200000		000
	•	000		138000		000
	•	000		1050000		000
	•	000		1380000		000
	5) 46	000		1380000	280	000
						()
22)	Which of the	fallowing simoumst	anage that lands to the	dontity of provision	for liabili	ty in financial

- 22) Which of the following circumstances that leads to the identity of provision for liability in financial statement of the company?
 - A Products are sold in a one year warrenty to ensure the correction of the repairs.
 - B On the balance of debtos, Provisim for doubt ful debs are adjusted.
 - C Without legal requirement, it is necessary to reduce the environmental pollution caused by production process.

1) A only	2) B only	3) A, C only	
4) B, C only	5) A, B and C		(

23)	The company's financial end is statements on 30/06/2019. The following events related to the condition A. Trade debtor valued Rs	e company's annual pu ompany took place after	ablic meeting r 31.03.2019.	took place on 15.	.07.2019, The
	30.04.2019. B - Trade debtor values Rs				
	10.07.2019.				
	C - Stock cost on 31.03.2019				
	D - The market value of in	_	ds between 3	60.04.2019 and 30	0.06.2019 has
	decreased by Rs 300 000.		2)	D 10	
	1) A and B	2) A and C	3)	B and C	
	4) A,C and D	5) B,C and D			()
24)	What is the only answer to the copublic company is presenting a call. Shares issues, Repayment of	ash flow statement? loan, and payment of l	oan interest.	nancial activities w	vhen a limited
	2) Shares issues, Income tax par	•	•		
	3) Lease initial deposit payment		1 2	ent.	
	4) Lease payment, Received loa				()
	5) Received loan, Dividend pay	ment, Received divide	na.		()
25)	Current ratio of Suren company ratio at which other factors remai 1) Credit purchases. 2) Paid to creditros. 3) Settlement of non current liab	n constant?	What is the t	ransaction that wi	ll increase the
	4) Sales returns.	for have in one and			()
	5) Credit purchase of motor van	for business use.			()
26)	Any of the following costs of a m A - The wages paid to employ B - Monthy salary paid to the C - Transport cost for bringing D - Machine depreciations use 1) A and B 4) A,B and D	ees based on the numb factory manager. g raw materials to the f	er of units to actory.		t cost?
27)	Information about the raw materi	al X of a company			
,		Minimum usage	М	aximum usage.	
	Consumtions (units)	2000		5000	
	Lead time (month)	5		6	
	Maximum level of stocks	40000 units		O	
	This refers to the reorder level an		tity		
	Re order level	a continue order quan	EOQ.		
	1) 17 500		32 500		
	2) 20 000		30 000		
	3) 20 000		39 500		
	4) 30 000		20 000		
	5) 30 000		29 500		()

<i>28)</i>		D ₂ (00,000	ommodity manufacturing company.	
		e cost Rs 600 000	1 D - 250 000	
	Buag	-	g department Rs 350 000	
			ment Rs 50 000	
		of units produced - 75 000 units.		
			ine hours per unit is 5 hours)	
	Whi	ch of the following is the absorption rate	_	ion cost per unit?
		Absorption rate for	Production cost	
		machine hours	Per unit (Rs)	
	1)	6	38	
	2)	7	43	
	3)	7	15	
	4)	8	16	
	5)	8	48	()
29)	Prod	uction level and production cost of prod	uct A that the company wants to produc	ce are as follows,
	Pro	oduction level (units)	Total cost (Rs)	
		5000	500 000	
		6000	540 000	
	The v	variable cost per unit and the total fixed		
		The varible cost per unit (Rs)	Total fixed cost (Rs)	
	1)	•		
	1)	40	200 000	
	2)	40	300 000	
	3)	50	300 000	
	4)	90	200 000	
	5)	100	300 000	()
	the c 1) 1 2) 1 3) 4 4) 1	rive (+). the net cash flow of this project orrect statement about this project? Fotal benefit of the project is Rs 180 000. After the completion of the project, the normal cash of capital can be earned benefits. The cost of capital can be earned benefits.	net Profit will be Rs 180 000. s more than 10% and Rs 180 000. s more than 10% and earned Rs 180 00	00. ()
	Civo	short answer to avection No 21 50	(30	x 4 = 120 Marks
		short answer to question No 31 – 50.	mass halong to which tyme of accounti	na anvivanmental
31)	facto	following transaction in one of the busi or.	ness belong to which type of accounting	ng environmentai
	(A)	Computer software currently used in by virus.	business was replaced to new compute	
	(B)	Ordered to additional two containers ri-	ce for the Tamil Sinhala new year.	
	(C)	The business has to bear the extra co been increase by government in the bus	est of employes. If the EPF employes.	Contributim has
	(D)	Make chages in financial statement by	obtain advice from charted accountants	and LKAS.

due do damaged goods. How	is the informations	show in Indra company's bo	oks and Sundaram
Company's books?			
(Both company maintain the co	entrol accounts)		
• In Indira company's books.			
a) Source document			
b) Prime entry book			
• In Sundaram Company's bo			
a) Debited account name			
b) Credited account nam			
33) State appropriate prime entry be	ooks to record follow	ing transaction held in a busir	iess.
1) Business uses Rs 300 000 v	worth owner's own fu	rniture	
2) Returned cheque by bank w	when it was received f	ron debtor then deposited in b	oank.
3) Paid reimburshment to pett	y cachier Re 2350		
4) Received cheque value Rs	-		
4) Received eneque value its .	50000 Hom fight issu	cs	•••••
34) Show as "Increase, decrease, of following transactions of a business."	_	mpact on assets, liability and	I equity due to the
	A	ssets Liability	equity
1) Paid accrued electricity			
2) Charged bank overdraft inter	rest		
at the position of bank overd	raft		
3) Capitalization of retained pro	ofit		
	n imprest		
4) Reimburshment of petty cash	imprest		
	-	re as follows.	
35) The information of petty cash in	nprest of a business a		
35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at	-	re as follows. Rs 800 Rs 400	
35) The information of petty cash in	2019.01.01 2019.01.31	Rs 800	
35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at	2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200	the reimbrushment
Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019.	mprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 mprest will be increa	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is	
35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019.	mprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 mprest will be increa	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is 31.03.2019 was Rs 80 000.	
 35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019. 36) The cash control account of A statement balance was deviated 	mprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 mprest will be increa noma business as at by the following reas	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is 31.03.2019 was Rs 80 000.	
 35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019. 36) The cash control account of A statement balance was deviated * Deposited cheque value Rs 	mprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 mprest will be increa noma business as at by the following reas 20 000 has been dish	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is 31.03.2019 was Rs 80 000. sons. onoured by bank.	
 35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019. 36) The cash control account of A statement balance was deviated * Deposited cheque value Rs * Direct deposit Rs 50 000 ha 	mprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 mprest will be increa noma business as at by the following reas 20 000 has been dish as not been recorded i	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is 31.03.2019 was Rs 80 000. sons. onoured by bank. n cash control account.	On that day, bank
 35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019. 36) The cash control account of A statement balance was deviated * Deposited cheque value Rs * Direct deposit Rs 50 000 ha * Unpresented cheque and un * Standing order payments f 	mprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 mprest will be increa noma business as at by the following reas 20 000 has been dish as not been recorded i realized cheque are R	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is 31.03.2019 was Rs 80 000. sons. onoured by bank.	On that day, bank vely.
 35) The information of petty cash in Petty cash balance as at Petty cash balance as at Petty cash reimbrushment on If the value of the petty cash in value on 01.02.2019. 36) The cash control account of A statement balance was deviated * Deposited cheque value Rs * Direct deposit Rs 50 000 ha * Unpresented cheque and un * Standing order payments f account. 	nprest of a business a 2019.01.01 2019.01.31 2019.01.01 nprest will be increa noma business as at by the following reas 20 000 has been dish as not been recorded i realized cheque are For lease installment	Rs 800 Rs 400 Rs 2200 sed by Rs 500, how much is 31.03.2019 was Rs 80 000. sons. onoured by bank. n cash control account. Rs 80 000 and 55 000 respectives	On that day, bank vely.

37)	State	e the accounting concept suitable for	the following purposes					
	(4)	Purpose		Concepts				
	(A)	•						
	(B)	is sum of money Specify the name of the business fo	*****	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,			
	(D)	for financial statements	1					
	(C)	Cost of sales is deducted from sales	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	(C)							
	(D)	income Received rent income and receivable	la rant inaama	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,			
	(D)							
		are totally shown in profit or loss st	atement					
38)	Extr	acted information from trial balance	as at 31.03.2018.					
		Description	Debit	Credit]			
		Sales		2500 000	-			
		Suics						
		itional informations.						
		Goods in sales value Rs 250 000 have	* *					
		return" in 31.03.2018 only 50% of	-		-			
		detemined by adding 25% profit on	cost. These items ne	ed to be returned due	to the time has			
	1	passed.						
	2)	The value of closing stocks Rs 150 00	00 as at 31.03.2018.					
	۵)	What is the amount of calca income	to be about in the	. :	41			
	a) What is the amount of sales income to be shown in the income statement for the year en							
	31.03.2018.b) What is the value of the closing stocks to be shown in financial position statements?							
	0)	What is the value of the closing stor	cks to be shown in fine	metar position stateme	iits.			
				•••••	•••••			
•	Ansv	wer the questions No 39 and 40 usin	ng following informat	tion.				
	Tho	financial information of a business	as at 21.02.2019 an	d 21.02.2010 which	was started on			
		4.2017 with Rs 120 000 capital are as		d 51.05.2019, which	was started on			
	01.0		31.03.2018	31.03.2019)			
	Tota	l assets	180 000	?				
		ilities	?	50 000				
	Inco	me	50 000	?				
	Expe		60 000	75 000				
	-	owners drawings in the year ende			he vear ended			
		3.2019. are Rs 12 000 and Rs 25 000		······································	,			
		eases in net assets as at 31.03.2019 is	•					
			115 .2 000.					
39)	Wha	at is the total liability as at 31.03.2018	3					
40)	a) T	he value of assets as at 31.03.2019 is	Rs					
	b) E	Earned total income for the year ended	d 31.03.2019 is Rs					
	, –							

41)	Nirmal (PLC) company issued 50 000 ordin	•	ch Rs 50 for the year ended 31.03.2018.					
	It is needed Rs 15 000 shares issues expense		with full of shows value and success					
	The company received applications for applications were retured and paid shares va		with full of shares value and excess					
	The balance as at $01 / 04 / 2017$.	140.						
		Rs						
	1	200 000						
	1	00 000						
	a) The value of stated capital as at 31.03.b) The value of retained profit as at 31.03							
	The value of retained profit as at 51.02	2010						
42)	a) State the rules that are includeed in partner	-	0, section 42.					
	b) Name two equity account of partnership business.							
43)	State two decisions which are taken by boar for issuing shares.	rd of directors o	f a company when received applications					
44)	The trial balance infromations of Amutha co	mnany ac at 201	0.03.31 are as follows					
77)	The trial balance infoliations of Amatha co	mpany as at 201	2.03.31 are as follows.					
		Debit (Rs)	Credit (Rs)					
	Land	900 000						
	Revaluation reserve for land		150 000					
	Additional informations							
	The Land is revalued as Rs 700 000 in this year.							
	Required:-							
	a) Write the double entries for above reva	iluation.						
		• • • •						
	Summary of other comprehensive income.							
45)	The informations of Vishva Company for the year ended 31.03.2019 are as follows. (Rs 000)							
	Annual depreciation		600					
	Profit for the year		6400					
	Paid income tax		1400					
	Income tax pexpenses for the year		1600					
	Paid annual interest		300					
	Accured interest		200					
	Increases in current assets except cash		1200					
	Dereases in current liability		800					
	Paid operating expenses		2000					

	Calculate the followings								
	1) Cash flow used in genarated activities 31.03.2019								
	2) N	et cash used in oper	in operating activities 31.03.2019						
16)									
40)	46) The informations for the month of May 2018 are as follows.				VS.				
	May	01 stocks 60 un		Rs 80.					
		05 Purchaes 40		Rs 90.					
		15 Purchases 50		Rs 100					
	25 Sales 110 units								
	If FIFO method is used in stock pricing, Calculate the followings.								
	1) Cost of sales for the month of May 2018.						· •		
	2) Value of stocks as at 31 May 2018.								
47)	TDI C	11	1	C 11 C	1 .				
47)	77) The following informations are extracted from payroll of a business.								
	A. Deducted EPF from employees is Rs 10000								
	B. Employer's EPF expenses is Rs 15000.								
	write the double entry for transaction A and B.								
	A								
	• •								
	B								
18)	40) Calling price and variable part of a restaurant Be 100 and 55								
40)	8) Selling price and variable cost of a products are Rs 100 and 55 respectively and fixed cost for the produts is Rs 450 000.						iic		
	•		salas insama is						
		Break even point in		-4 - 1 64 D - 20	35 000 :-				
	ii)	Value of margin of	sarty at the expe	ected profit Rs 22	25 000 1s		••		
49)	A bus	iness expects to in	vest Rs 300 00	0 on machine. I	ts estimated	values of net cash flows ar	nd		
	profit	and profit after tax	are as follows.						
	Year		1	2	3	4			
	Net ca	ash flow (Rs)	90 000	120 000	180 000	150 000			
	Profit	Profit after tax (Rs) 40 000 60 000		60 000	80 000	60 000			
	a)	Accounting rate of	return (ARR)						
	b)	Payback period?							
	-								

Grade - 13 (2019) 11 Accounting - I

50)	50) A company has decided to start new project and the alternative ways and theri net present value of							
	projects are given below. (Initial investment value of each projects are equal value)							
	Projects			NPV				
		A			150	000		
		В			(50	000)		
		C			0			
		D			200	000		
	a)	Which project	will be sellected b	by business?				
						•••		
	b)	Give reason.						
							(20 x 4 = 80)	